

Duration: - 03 Hours

Marks:-80

NOTE

1. Question No 1 is Compulsory
2. Solve any Three Questions out of the remaining
3. Assume suitable data if required and specify the same

Q No 1. Solve any Four

- a. State the various steps followed in estimation Procedure. [5]
- b. State the criteria for selection of LT switch gear. [5]
- c. State the features of temporary power supply. [5]
- d. State the various features of Energy Conservation ACT 2001. [5]
- e. Explain targeting in energy conservation [5]
- f. State the energy potential of BLDC fan. [5]

Q No 2A. Explain the design features of any two type of electrical plans. [10]

Q No 2B. Explain the design of protection system. [10]

Q No 3A Find the KVA rating of the transformer required which is feeding following three phase loads. Specify the various specifications required for transformer and its criteria's for the selection. [10]

Load No	Rating KW	LF	DF	Efficiency	Power Factor
1	150	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.95
2	350	0.75	0.6	0.8	0.9
3	250	0.75	0.6	0.9	0.85
4	450	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.7

Q No 3B. Why load management is required ? Discuss various electrical load management techniques [10]

Q No 4A. A 50 KW heater, rated for 415V, 3phase, 50Hz is connected to PCC by a cable of length 20m. Two other cables are running in a cable tray. Ambient temperature is 40°C. Fault level is 20 KA. Grouping factor is 0.87 and ambient temperature correction factor is 0.82. Calculate the cable current only. Justify the various assumptions in the calculations and selection of cable conductor. (Data Sheet Not Required) [10]

Q No 4B A reading room measuring (43m (L) + 18m (B) + 5m (H) requires an average illumination of 350 lux. State the various assumptions in design of lighting system for this room. Calculate the number of lamps required. Draw the lighting layout. (Data Sheet provided) [10]

Q No 5A Explain the terms optimizing input energy and Bench marking in energy audit [10]

Q No 5B Explain the assessment of consumption energy in lighting system. [10]

Q No 6A Explain the Smart lighting system as an energy efficient technology for outdoor application [10]

Q No 6B Explain the implementation of Building Management system (BMS) and Energy management system (EMS) [10]

Data for Lighting System Designing

K	R _c = 0.7			R _c = 0.5			R _c = 0.3		
	R _w = 0.5	R _w = 0.3	R _w = 0.1	R _w = 0.5	R _w = 0.3	R _w = 0.1	R _w = 0.5	R _w = 0.3	R _w = 0.1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.6	0.43	0.39	0.36	0.42	0.38	0.36	0.41	0.38	0.36
0.8	0.45	0.41	0.38	0.44	0.40	0.38	0.43	0.40	0.38
1.00	0.51	0.47	0.44	0.55	0.47	0.44	0.49	0.46	0.40
1.25	0.55	0.51	0.49	0.53	0.50	0.48	0.52	0.50	0.48
1.50	0.57	0.54	0.52	0.56	0.53	0.51	0.54	0.52	0.50
2.00	0.61	0.58	0.56	0.59	0.57	0.55	0.57	0.56	0.54
2.50	0.63	0.61	0.59	0.61	0.59	0.57	0.59	0.58	0.56
3.00	0.65	0.63	0.61	0.63	0.61	0.59	0.61	0.59	0.58
4.00	0.67	0.65	0.63	0.64	0.63	0.62	0.62	0.61	0.59
5.00	0.68	0.67	0.65	0.65	0.64	0.63	0.63	0.62	0.61

Lamp Data			
Sr. No.	Type of Lamp	Wattage	Lumen output
1.	Fluorescent (T8/T5)	18 (Halo phosphate)	1015
		36 (Halo phosphate)	2450
		18 (82/84/86)	1300
		36 (82/84/86)	3250
		28 (T5)	2800
2.	CFL	9	600
		11	760
		13	920
		18	1200

Sr. No	Type of Cable	Value of k (Cu)	Value of k (AL)
a)	PVC cable ≤ 300mm ²	115	76
b)	PVC cable > 300mm ²	103	68
c)	XLPE cable	114	92